RELIGION

THE

Only Happiness.

POEM.

In a Letter to a Friend.

Quid prius dicam solitis parentis Laudibus, qui res hominum, & Deorum, Qui mare, & terras, variisque, mundum Tempurat, Horis?— Horace

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LONDON.

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MODERMA

M.M.O.M.

Jeneiran er rag für sich

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And the second of the second o

The PREFACE.

which our overst and the store are many

HIS Poem, when it was written first, was far from being design'd for the Press; and only sent me by my Friend as a Private Letter.

But on the perusal of it, I found somewhat in it that affected me extremely; which made me (thinking it might be beneficial to the Public) persuade him to let me bave it Printed.

I bis I say, only to free the Authour from the imputation of Vanity, which perhaps some would be too apt to lay on bim, bad be publisht it bimself, at a time, when we have many Good Poets, and most men are (or at least think themselves) tolerable Judges.

It may be easily objected against such a Poem in general, that it is of no use; seeing there has been, already, so many Excellent Treatises in Prose, upon

the Jame Subject.

But the Answer is as obvious, for there are many, who have not the Patience to read them over, yet nevertheless will be drawn to a thing of this Nature, under the Notion of Diverting themselves.

But I needed not to say this in its Defence, baving before me so Excellent an Example set by the Ingenious Authour of a late Poem, Entitled, An

Anatomy of Atheisme.

As to this Essay in particular (if I may be allow'd to give my Thoughts of it) I take it to be as Poetical as the Subject will bear; and much more Solid than the Poetry of our Age (the more's the Pity) is generally sound to be; and I am very much deceived, if the Reader doth not find in it, the two main Ends of Poetry, Diversion, and Information.

I shall say no more to its Advantage, but submit it to the Public, wishing, that every one who reads it, may find as much Benefit by it as I did for my

own particular.

ADVERTISEMENT.

In the Press, and will be speedily Published a Book Entituded Conversation in Heaven, Part 2d, being Sacramental Devotions, consisting of Meditations, and Prayers, Preparatory to a Worthy Receiving of the Holy Communion; as also Meditations and Prayers suited to the several Parts both of Administring and Receiving it. By Lawrence Smith, LLD. Author of the First Part. Printed for Thomas Speed.

In which alone, thoughtstern around it beat, My wearied Soul can find a fafe retreat.

She ratice Stine Sale

And by your help a fairer course wou'd steer.

REL Mileu Giona In On N

And which alone defer 4s HeT. ove, I paid

To a miffalien Goddels I my felf had made.

Only Happinels: How the falle Story Was by me believ as

That Happynels cou'd flow from Earth!

In a Letter to a Friend.

Which when they thou'd beyond the Clo

And in our Souls produce a Sactat Fire,

Nough my Friend, of Love and all its Cares, False wandring hopes, and true perplexing fears. I'le leave the Barren Soil, and try to gain

A happier Isle, far distant in the main:

In

[-2]

In which alone, though Storms around it beat, My wearied Soul can find a fafe retreat.

She's quite fatigu'd by her rough treatment here, And by your help a fairer course wou'd steer.

Aworthy Object of her growing Flame,

And which alone deferves the Love, I paid

To a mistaken Goddess I my self had made.

Tell me, by what strange pow'r I was decew'd?

How the false Story was by me believ'd?

That Happyness cou'd flow from Earthly Love,

And those weak Flames not kindled from above.

Which when they shou'd beyond the Clouds aspire,

And in our Souls produce a Sacred Fire,

Grow stat and languid with a meaner Joy, woll as the Childish Trisses Noble Souls employ, woll as Which ne'r can Satissie, and often Cloyd out overlook

A happier Isle, far distant in the main:

Yet this I'le grant, no Crimes our Pattions are, While bounded in our Souls by a due Care; And 'tis, at least a part of Happynels, When bounteous Heav'n our just defires doth bless But when th' Impetuous Torrent, bears away Our Anxious Souls into the Stormy Sea, And no fair Banks can tempt us to the Coast, But that one point from whence our Bark is toft; If, whilst just Heav ns but one request deny, We crofly flight what ever elfe w' enjoy: Then fure 'tis Sin, and we're ingrateful Fools, Base to our God, and false to our own Souls. Religion shews a happier path (if we Not vainly flight our own Felicity) Than all the falle Delights of Sin produce, Those treach rous pleasures which so oft abuse Our easie Sences, and thus steal their way Thro' those falle Guards which our weak Souls betray.

They

[4]

They never dare attack the Nobler part With open Force, but flily gain the Heart. For foon before our unbrib'd Reason, all Their baffled Arguments with ease wou'd fall. Reason wou'd teach us, 'tis not Happiness, To have a short-liv'd and uncertain Bliss: A Joy so mean, without Variety It wont fo much as bare Diversion be. And oh how short are all the Joys of Vice, For which we pay fuch a Prodigious Price? Our Souls Eternal Torments must endure, For those false Pleasures which our Sins procure. In a few hours the Gay Delufion's fled, By which poor Man is to Deftruction led-Had we the brittle Thread of Destiny In our own hands, and cou'd prolong our Day, To reach the Space which our Fore-Fathers knew, Ere Luxury, and thence Diseases, grew:

[5]

Nay cou'd we spin it out to make it stretch To the last Limits Time it self shall reach: Come to its end it there must cease to be, Quite swallowed up in an Eternity. And what proportion has one grain of Sand, To the unnumber'd Myriads on the Strand? Times longest Date will not so much appear, If with Eternity you it compare. For Finites ne'r fo much increas't, will be But Finites still, and not Eternity. But how far short of this must we descend, If we to th' common rate of Life attend? Yet there has no Millennian State been tri'd, Tis rare one does a Century abide. How few, to what we call Old Age, arrive? How small a part of scanty time They live? Ask one, whose Crutches keep him from the Grave, If yet enough of Toilsome Life he have?

[8]

If he'd refign th' Expiring Snuff unforc'd? Consent his parting Soul shou'd be Divorc'd? Not yet, he cries, he hopes a while to live, That he may now his Mispent Time retrieve. He has not done his Work, and feign wou'd ftay; In all his Pray'rs he adds another Day. That Life is short which none can fatisfie; And none (we find) are willing yet to die. (For that Poor Wretch who hafts Untimely Death, And who unaskt throws back his hated Breath: 'Tis not that length of Life's a Burthen Grown; Some mean Despair does urge him to be gone. He falfly fay's he's weary of his Life, He'l not quit that, if you'l remove his Grief.) And hence, my Friend, the Sinner must deduce Not a small part, unfit for his abuse. Childhood and Age He must of force resign, In one he knows not; t'other cannot fin.

[78]

Childhood a Thousand soft Amusements has Diverting Pleafures, Recreating Plays. With harmless Converse they their time beguile, Their Art's a moving Tear, and pleafing Smile; With these Endearments they their wishes gain; Whose Art is Innocence, need never sin. Soft are their Souls, and fitted to receive Any Impressions their Wise Tutors give. Here they're prepar'd for Vertue or for Vice, Which Rules can first their tender Souls possess. But till their Judgments with their Years are grown, A And Good from Evil be diffinely known, They scarce are Subjects of a Law, which they Not know, or knowing, hardly cou'd obey. Old Men have different Reasons to prevent Their finning on, or finning, their Content Disease, and Pains, in various Shapes attend; Cough rack's the Laungs, a Palfie Bakes the Mando

Salt

[8]

Salt Watry Rheums do from their Eyes diftill. And trickling down their Cheeks, the Furrows fill. Coldness contracts the Organs of the Ear, No longer they delightful Musick hear. Their Smell and Tast are lost, their Feeling gone. And that they live, by their Complaints is known. The Stone and Cholick on their Years attend, Memento's of their near approaching End. Yet these (preposterous Crime!) when Pleasing Vice Forfakes them, hug their Naufeous Avarice. And make their Bags the Idol of their Age. Worship their Gold, and so go off the Stage. Thus Youth and Manhood only, can enjoy Those Fatal Pleasures which their Souls destroy. Youth the Gay Spring of Pleafure and of Wit, The Sences lay their Tribute at her Feet. Th' Officious Mind too, feeks out other Charms,

In Conversation, and in Arts, and Arms.

[9]

But in our loofer times, my friend, we feet and Though Honour calls, yet from the Field they fly. And all their Study, and their boafted Arts. Are to betray unpractis'd Virgins Hearts. Their Conversation's no less vicious grown; Female and Scandal are its chief Renown. Pleasure alone they make their Deity. Their Rules are Epicures Philosophy, And their dear Study is Variety. In Wine's and Women's Orbs by turns they move, They first are Drunk, and then they practice Love. Wine the kind Comfort of our Grief and Cares, Allays our Sorrow, and diffiells our Fears, And moderately us'd, it fills our Veins With gen rous Blood, and works to Manly Strams. But when abus'd, and taken to excess, It urges to the height of wickedness. Libe is he's flery'd our Plemure quickly ties.

DELA

[10]

Our Reason's lost, and we are hurried on the minute To the last limits of Temptation. Women, 'tis true, at first were formed fair, Gentle, and good (almost) as Angels are; and of or A And no mean part of that compleated blifs, We mutually enjoy'd in Paradice. But foon alas! fhe to deftroy began, " Now ev'ry Woman is an Eve to Man. With gaudy Pleafures they our Paths do ftrow, And scatter tempting charms where e're we go. And we too freely yeild our felves to Vice, When charming Woman the fly Tempter is.

But oh! how short, and sleeting are the joys,
In which vain Youth his time and strength employs.
How few the years; if on the whole we look!
How great a part must from these few be took!
Tis no small part that Nature's self requires;
Unless she's serv'd our Pleasure quickly tires.

And what's defign'd to give us happiness, Too long enjoy'd affords us nothing lefs. The glutted sense is pall'd, and we despise, What now we fought with fo much eagerness. Our Palats Vitiated, we refuse The Wine, which we so lately did abuse. And loath the Woman was but now enjoy'd, The fense is fated, th' appetite is cloyd: And we, at least must for a time abstain, If only to return to fin again. These intervals allow'd, tho' we fin on, Till to a riper age and sence we're grown. Yet then, quite sated with joys of sense, A new degree of finning we commence. Pride and Ambition now our Souls do fway, And fense that Rul'd before, learns to obey. We grafp at Honour, with a founding Fame, Vain Titles, and a celebrated Name.

[12]

In Courts by bribes, and flattery, they raife Themselves to Dear bought Honour and Applause. Purchasing Grandeur, at the vast expence, Of Nobler Honefty, and Innocence. If higher Titles do a Blockhead grace, They'le cringe and bow before the Solemn Afs. Unaskt his Pandars, and his Pimps they'l be. Buffoons, or Jefters to his company. Nay more, if he'l befriend them to the King For a new place, or some fresh Honour bring; Their Wive's, or Sifters Modelty, shall be O base exchange! their lustful Patrons Fee. For that alone by them's accounted Vice, Which curbs Ambition, checks their growing Rife.

Cit rolling in a lower Sphere, does move.

As he were influenc'd from those above.

His Verture, and his Soul, he profitutes

For fordid Gain, which ends all his disputes.

[13]

And that of all Religious he will chule,

Which crams his coffees, leav's his confcience Loofe.

He feeks all methods to be popular,

Perhaps he gets the Scarlet gown, or Chair;

But he'l ftrive hard, and hopes, at leaft, to gain

Good-morrow Mr. Common-Council Man.

If at a shop the Sparks and Beanx appear,

A handsome Wife shall fell her Husbands Ware.

And these, beside the Ready gain is got,

Will always for their civil C—old Vote.

But oh! how vainly these poor Fools mispendi
Their Toilsome days, to gain a Vainer end;
All that they Purchase at the mighty rate,
Is but the empty Name of being Great.
Great Fools indeed! whose Juster Insanty
Shall last, when all their other Titles dye.
And all their Dear bought wealth, and envied Lands,,
Shall fall into some younger spend-thrist's hands.

[14]

Who lavishly shall waste, what they to get,
Run out their Souls in the Almighty's debt.
And his profuseness spend on Wine, and Whores,
What turn'd so many Widows out of Doors.
His tears that at the suneral are shed;
Are sumes of Wine that discompose his head,
Wine, that was drank for joy the wretch is Dead.
Thus in a small circumference, we see
Sins Fatal pleasures brought to their Catastrophe.

Their certain Shortness rende'rs them but mean,
And their incertainty still much more Vain.
Our Opportunity doth swiftly fly,
And oft e're that is gone, they glide away.
Death often comes, and e're the play is seen,
With his dark curtain shuts the Gilded Scene.
Hurrys away the Actors, e're they had done
The pleasing parts, they 'expected as their own.

[15]

And from Deaths hand there's no fecurity, The Young, and Old, do undistinguisht Lye, The difference is, one May, to'ther Must dye. Some but just enter'd on the Stage of life, W 194W Ere they to Manly age and strength arrive, (Whose innocence, we are apt to think, might save From that cold bed, the too impartial Grave.) Unheeding fall, and falling there they Lye, Making a part in this dire Tragedy. Tis not Youths pleasant Gallantry, or Wit, Can fave them finking in the dreaded Pit. But in the midst of their most Luscious joys, and another Death flyly comes, and those, and them, destroys. Nor can the Manly force of riper age, Refift the pow'r of Death's impetuous rage. 10 2 91011. But they too must submit, they too must yeild in A As Deaths fad Trophies, in his fable field. Flow from th' excels of fome Expensive Vice.

[16]

All fall alike, no age, nor no degree,

When We our felves are lost and quite Undone?

The Sparkling Wines no more our Palats please,
Beauty, and Love, create no tenderness.

We unaffected with their Charms remain,
And never must enjoy their sweets again.

But the Death shou'd not us of them deprive,
Misortunes may attend us while we live.
God oft see's good, in his wife providence,
Some severe strokes on Sinners to dispense.
To leave the Will, and take the pow'r away,
Yet scourge that Will, which seeks to disobey.
There's one is not to Wealth and Honour born,
Another had them, but they're from him torn.
And here's a third, whose want and miseries,
Flow from th' excess of some Expensive Vice.

[47]

Others are tortur d by fome fad Difeate, muo on I Perhaps th' effect of their own Wickedness. How many various feeming accidents, said shall Deftroy our Joys, occasion disconcents Panillon and I We find one Disappointment yeild more grief, Than's recompene'd by all the Joys of life, And yet, how many do they meet withal, VVho follow Vice at her delufive call? Besides, that grand Mistake of Happiness, What e're they find, this they are fure to Miss. How few are fatisfied with their own store, And cease t'extend their pray'rs to Heav'n for more? As few are with their State of Life content, They feign wou'd change, when chang'd, again repent. The Soldier murmurs at his toil and pains, And often wishes for the Merchants gains; Whilft he regrets a loss he has sustain'd, And wishes, ere it went, he' had purchas'd Land.

D

The

[18]

The Country Squire is angry, his Estate
Shou'd waste so soon, to make his Lawyer Fat.
Whose busie head wishes retired ease.
Thus nothing that's our own, our minds can please.
Thus Sins Uncertain Short-liv'd pleasures wast,
In the enjoyment, but the sting will last.

Religion yields a Solid, Lafting Blifs, A perfectly compleated Happiness. Calms all the 'wild diforders of the Soul, Our head-strong Passions Mildly doth controul. Informs the Mind, and give's it Light to fee Its own loft State, and wretched Mifery. Takes off the fair disguise from ugly Vice, Exposing to the Soul its Nakedness. Correct's the Will, and teaches it to move By earnest Wishes, and an ardent Love, To those blest object, which alone can claim The full expressions of its highest Flame.

And whate're Storms we meet with from without, All's still within, there's not an anxious doubt. No whispring fear, that shou'd disturb our ease, But all within's Serenity and Peace. Great Pilot Vertue, will our Veffel guide A fleady Course, along the Rolling Tide, Between the fatal Rocks of black Despair, And Dismal Sands of Doubt, will gently steer, Tho' Winds without a mighty Tempest raise, And Gloomy Clouds obscure the Darkned Skies; Tho' Death do on the foaming Billows ride, That beat our harrass't bark on e'ry fide; Tho' fatal Omens hover in the Air, And not a Spark of Heav'nly Light appear; Yet we're secur'd, at last our Port to gain, Through all the Threatning Dangers of the Main. And though the Voyage troublesome appear, 'Tis better vent'ring out than staying here.

Where

Where all the profit that our labours gain, and the Is Disappointment here, and future Pain.

The only Fruits the Barren Soil of Vice

Does e're produce, are certain Miseries.

But in the Storm, our Souls are fure to find.

The blest Content of a Religious Mind.

That Vertue only makes us happy here, have with Is prov'd by giving the Souls Character. An Immaterial and Immortal Frame, A Noble Spark of the Eternal Flame. An uncompounded Effence, all Divine, All Bright, and Fair, till it was stain'd by Sin. And though its Primitive Beauty now is gone, And all its Glories, faded, pale, and wan; Tho' the Bright Image of our God's eras'd, And all its Moral Holines defac'd; Yet 'tis preserv'd by the Almightie's hand, And will for ever be by him fustain'd.

Where

Judgment, the Souls bright Eye, receives, what e're The fev'ral Senfes to the Mind confer, diagnifib via From those Ideas, various Reasons draws, Which, form'd to Propositions, are its Laws. These, by an unknown power, sway the Will, Intending Good, but oft mistaking Ill. (That is alas! one fad effect of Sin, To cloud the Soul, and leave a night within; Whence by the fad mistake of Objects, we Blind Homage pay to a false Deity. Hence our unbounded Vicious passions flow, Here our Misfortunes (their effects) we owe.) Our various Passions always are inclin'd, As diff'rent Objects press upon the Mind. To apprehended Good, the Will is Love, To Ill, it does our Violent Hatred move. As these are Past, or Present, or to Come, We in our Breafts give other Passions room.

UM

[22]

(Or elfe, perhaps the Paffion is the same,

Only diftinguish't by a diff'rent Name)

They're Joy, or Grief, to present Good, or Ill,

And if to come, them Hope, or Fear we stile.

When mixt, Doubt does our Harrass't Souls torment,

And Jealousie provokes to Discontent.

Pleafure from things agreeable does flow,

We call it Happiness when lasting too.

'Tis but th' imperfect Shadow of a Blifs

That fades, or cloy's, fuch are the Fruits of Vice,

Which under specious Names the sence amuse;

But the defign is only to abuse.

Base Avarice, Good-Husbandry we stile,

The Prodigal, a Gen'rous Soul doth fill.

The Luftful Satyr a kind Lover is;

The ugly Name of Whore's foften'd to Miss;

The Brutish Drunkards, Bon Companions are;

The Scoffing Atheift, Witty Debonair.

Thus

[23]

Thus Vice by Skulking in the fair Difguise Of Vertue, does her greater worth confess. Vertue the Solid Beauty of the Mind! Whence we alone true fatisfaction find. Vertue does Nobler Pleasures for us choose, Does greater thoughts into our Souls infuse. A God's propos'd the Object of our Love, To whom our strongest Passions ought to move; Whose Goodness equals his Omnipotence, Whose Attributes, and Essence, are immense. And who alone our craving Souls supplies, With the full streams of perfect Happines; Ne'r ceafing Streams, whose endless Flux, shall vie With the duration of Eternity.

O what are all the Joys of Vice, that they
Shou'd our weak Souls to Mifery betray?
When Vertue stands with all her brighter Charms,
And Wooes us to be Happy in her Arms.

24 Without Difguise she does her felf Display, soil and T All foft and Charming, Beautiful and Gay. 110/ 10 No anxious Cares are lodg'd within her Breaft, No Doubts or Fears disturb her Sacred rest, And all that love her are compleatly bleft. A Vertuous Mind flights all the Baits of Sense, Denies them their precarious influence, Repells the fond affaults of Baffled Vice, Doth both her Charms and Menaces Despise, Neither Deluded by her proffer'd Joy, Nor Frighted, though she threaten to Destroy. Not all the Racking Tortures, Men on Hell Cou'd e're invent, or make poor Wretches feel, Can once make Vertue be by him refus'd, Who once refolv'dly had her Cause espous'd. She has the Art in Torments to Support,

And make pale Death and griping Pain our Sport.

[35]

Can unleen Cordials to the mind pre	Twould chiting
When the excessive Torture makes he	By what fitnisg's
How many have for their Religion D	Orthe Maris bai
How many more are ready ftill to ble	Or Pan's miles
The first that ever trod the paths of D	eath, y commend
In Vertue's Service loft his Well spen	t breath sil 20
Since, e'ry Age, and Clime, Has been	a supplied a baA
With noble Souls, that for her take h	ave Died and T
Not always fingle to defiruction led,	Nere levell'd or
Thousands together by the Greather	I heir Cobilde
Those, kill'd with ease, and kindly know	ock'tro'th head.
(The Tender Mercles of this Impinis	Their Holnow
We feel, when Gaily the wher hur	By all the foft(b
Others have a leverer Fortune found,	Her Pray'rs, an
Been first Abus'd, and Mobb's, and Scou	ng'd, and Bound,
And then have ablithe various Tornie	No Pitheinfatts
Which Rigge cou'd find by Cruel Wit	(All P. boilgquit
They	Twould

XUM

[26]

Twould chill my Blood with Horrow, thou'd I tell By what strange Deaths the Primitive Christians fell: Or the Mad D' Alva's Hellish Cruelties, Or Paris's more fresh Barbarities in snom your woll Hibernia's yet more Perfect Wickedness, and and odly Or the Wild Fury of our Maries Days .. 108 abutto Val And all this wretched Inhumanity, and A wis somis These horrid Scenes of Barbarous Cruelty, Were levell'd only against Piety. of signification to Their Confecrated Poilons reach the Throne, and Houl'T And their mean rage will pull a Cottage down. Their Brutish Malice is not to be staid, sobro Tod To By all the foftness of a tender Maid not well all of Her Pray'rs, and Vows, and Tears, are all in Vain, Her Honour, and her Blood, the Altars fain, and No Pity Infants fofter Smiles can move, and hands (All Passion's banish't that's ally'd to Love.)

4

Mount'

They'r

[37]

They're ravisht from their Dying Mothers Breath, 1913 And headlong hurl'd into Eternal reft. has your har A Old Age, by a Malicious Compliment, and Alla W In mere Good will to tother World is fent. All these (my Friend) these wretched Miseries, Flow from the lenmity of Curled Vice a small ried T And yet Religious Votaties Idoichoole; langual as tud Themselves in all these Dangers to expose, (Supported by affiltances within) abus Danin vod o'A Before the Sham Delights of Tempting Sin. Med M. They know there is a near, approaching hour When God fall come to judge the World with Pow'r In flaming Wrath His Vengeance to repay, On all who did not his Just Laws obey. deals well o'l Then shall their Cause at his great Bar be heard, And to the World their Innocence be clear'd. And those poor Wretches who condemn'd them here, Shall have a much more dreadful Sentence there.

Eternal

[88]

And never ending, Perfect, Misery, and guolband bank Whilst those blest Soults, shall mount be Happiness to Beyond what Heart can think, on tongue expression of Freed from their Pains and Grief, their Canes and Fears, Their Hearts no Serious know, their Eyes non Tears. But an Eternal Joy their bleads thalk Criming toy bank Where no disturbing Thoughts, not Doubts are known. No hoving Clouds obtains their Happiness and Blisquis. No Sully d Minute stains their Happiness and Blisquis.

But all my Dazled Muse is rife too high, vome year?

She Flags, and flutters in the bordering Skie D and W

And yet wou'd seign a little longer stay, W gained at

To view the brightness of the Eternal Disposar ils no

She seign wou'd bring you some Descriptions down,

And make those blest Abodes a little known, to had

But all her Notions so consused are, 1000 short but A

She knows not to begin, or however where was that?

[29]

But pitchen my Defects, and as I canyonal ow or a tark W I'le try to mete the Heavens with my Spanson and and In these Eternal Fields of Sacred Light ab short buA Always Serene and Calmi, all Faid and Bright, and 9 of T Water'd by Rivers of Immortal Blifs, word! flut wold On whose Fair Banks dwells Everlating Peacen tell T What ever Happines'a God can give A beitirol 2 and What ever Joy our Souls can Then receive was stad I (Such Joys as the Eternal Son of God avil of that , all Cou'd purchase for us with his Sacred Blood) was mo? Shall all be ours. There we (my Friend) thall fee The Glory of th' Almighty Majelly, earl su ta daid W Not by faint Glimples as he Here is known But by a fready View other Holy One no consist most Here what we learn we argue from belowed aid or had? What from his Works and Holy Word we know ; But there (my Dear) from what in God in fen y orad ? His Goodness, William, and bis Parity, around tiw ba A

Both

[30]

What e're we knew of his great Works, while Here, & In a far greater Luftre will appear. on stone of yet of 'I And those dark Methods, we cou'd scarce discerned of The Reason of we there shall fully Learn 302 aventA How Just! how Righteous all his dealings are! That not his Wisdom, but our Reasons err, stories all Our Glorified Redeemer we shall fee, gold soo and W There crown'd with Honour, and with Majesty. He, that to fave our Souls from endless Woe, of ribus? So many Miseries did undergoe; a vot sharbang hand And in our Natures paid the Mighty Price, ad Halland Which fet us free, and bought Eternal Blifs prolided T Now feated on his Mediatorial Throne, in third yet to Va From thence on us dispensing Bleffings down; and mil Shall to his then molt Perfect Body be allow failw are H United Heady to all Eternity as solo W sid mort and W There you and being Friend) again shall meet, alt to & And with more perfect Liove each other greet bood ail!

ter W

[31]

Both shall contribute to that happy Reft, And to the Joyful Number of the Bleft. For there (my Dear) each Saint shall be a Friend. And all Perfections shall our Love attend. And by the Pow'r of Friendship in our heart, His Bleffedness each shall to th' whole impart. And all the Num'rous Bleffings of the whole, Shall be contracted in each fingle Soul. The Happy Angels who for us have done So much while Here, shall There by us be known; Where we shall joyn, and help them Celebrate, Their Praises to the Infinitely Great. And all these boundless Joys possess shall be, Through the vast Circle of Eternity. Though Rolling Ages follow Ages on, And distant Years succeeding those are gone, Our Joys shall ever last, be fresh, and but begun.

FINIS.

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